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## **CLAIMS**

	1	1. A method for database query optimization in a computer system having a plurality of
	2	central processors, comprising the steps of:
	3	defining a plurality of logical partitions of said computer system, each logical partition
	4	having a respective processor resource assignment, wherein each task executing in said
	5	computer system is assigned to a respective one of said logical partitions and wherein the
	6	definition of a plurality of logical partitions may be dynamically altered;
	7	defining a database query;
	8	constructing a first search strategy for said database query, said first search strategy
_	9	being dependent on a first processor resource assignment at the time said step of constructing
d	10	a first search strategy is performed;
# SSS	11	invoking said database query for execution in a first logical partition, said invoking
The test of the second of the	12	step being performed after said step of constructing a first search strategy;
	13	comparing a second processor resource assignment to said first processor resource
	14	assignment, said second processor resource assignment being associated with said first logical
	15	partition at the time said invoking said database query for execution step is performed; and
	16	automatically constructing a second search strategy dependent on said second
	17	processor resource assignment, said step of automatically constructing a second search
	18	strategy being performed dependent on the results of said comparing step.

2. The method for database query optimization of claim 1, wherein said respective processor resource assignment of each partition comprises a respective number of virtual processors of each partition, said respective number being an integer.

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1	3.	The method for database query optimization of claim 2, wherein said step of defining	
2	a plurality of logical partitions comprises defining at least one set of processors which is		
3 .	shared	by a set of said logical partitions, said set of said logical partitions containing at least	
4	two pa	artitions, said respective processor resource assignment of each partition of said set of	
5	partiti	ons including said set of processors.	
1	4.	The method for database query optimization of claim 1, further comprising the step	
2	of:	`	
3		saving said first search strategy in a persistent object for later execution, said saving	
4	step ir	cluding saving said first processor resource assignment in said object.	
1	5.	The method for database query optimization of claim 4, further comprising the steps	
2	of:		
3		invoking a previously saved search strategy for execution in a second logical partition,	
4	said se	econd logical partition being different from said first logical partition;	
5		identifying a third processor resource assignment associated with said second logical	
6	partition;		
7		comparing said third processor resource assignment to said first processor resource	
8	assignment; and		

depending on the results of said comparing step.

automatically constructing a third search strategy for execution of said database query

1	6.	The method for database query optimization of claim 1, further comprising the step
2	of:	
3		determining whether a user has specified that automatic construction of another search
4	strateg	y be disabled;
5		wherein said step of automatically constructing a second search strategy dependent
6	on said	d second processor resource assignment is performed only if said determining step
7	determ	ines that a user has not specified that automatic construction of another search strategy
8	be disa	bled.

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7. A program product for database query optimization in a computer system having a plurality of central processors and a dynamic logical partitioning mechanism, said dynamic logical partitioning mechanism supporting a plurality of defined logical partitions of said computer system, each logical partition having a respective processor resource assignment, wherein each task executing in said computer system is assigned to a respective one of said logical partitions and wherein the definition of a plurality of logical partitions may be dynamically altered, said program product comprising a plurality of processor executable instructions recorded on signal-bearing media, wherein said instructions, when executed by at least one central processor of said computer system, cause the system to perform the steps of:

receiving a definition of a database query;

constructing a first search strategy for said database query, said first search strategy being dependent on a first processor resource assignment at the time said step of constructing a first search strategy is performed;

invoking said database query for execution in a first logical partition, said invoking step being performed after said step of constructing a first search strategy;

comparing a second processor resource assignment to said first processor resource assignment, said second processor resource assignment being associated with said first logical partition at the time said invoking said database query for execution step is performed; and

automatically constructing a second search strategy dependent on said second processor resource assignment, said step of automatically constructing a second search strategy being performed dependent on the results of said comparing step.

8. The program product for database query optimization of claim 7, wherein said respective processor resource assignment of each partition comprises a respective number of virtual processors of each partition, said respective number being an integer.

1	9.	The program product for database query optimization of claim 7, wherein said		
2	instru	actions further cause said computer system to perform the step of:		
3		saving said first search strategy in a persistent object for later execution, said saving		
4	step	including saving said first processor resource assignment in said object.		
1	10.	The program product for database query optimization of claim 9, wherein said		
2	instru	instruction further cause said computer system to perform the steps of:		
3		invoking a previously saved search strategy for execution in a second logical partition,		
4	said s	second logical partition being different from said first logical partition;		
5		identifying a third processor resource assignment associated with said second logical		
6	parti	partition;		
7		comparing said third processor resource assignment to said first processor resource		
8	assig	nment; and		
9		automatically constructing a third search strategy for execution of said database query		
0	depe	nding on the results of said comparing step.		
1	11.	The program product for database query optimization of claim 7, wherein said		
2	instru	actions further cause said computer system to perform the step of:		
3		determining whether a user has specified that automatic construction of another search		
4	strate	egy be disabled;		
5		wherein said step of automatically constructing a second search strategy dependent		
6	on s	aid second processor resource assignment is performed only if said determining step		
7	deter	mines that a user has not specified that automatic construction of another search strategy		

be disabled.

	1	12. A computer system, comprising:
	2	a plurality of central processing units;
	3	a memory;
	4	a logical partitioning mechanism supporting a plurality of defined logical partitions of
	5	said computer system, each logical partition having a respective processor resource
	6	assignment, wherein each task executing in said computer system is assigned to a respective
	7	one of said logical partitions and wherein the definition of said logical partitions may be
	8	dynamically altered;
	9	a database;
	10	a database management system for managing said database, wherein said database
ļ-4	11	management system:
	11 12 13 14	(a) performs query optimization of a database query for said database to
	13	produce a first search strategy, said first search strategy being dependent on a first
H	14	processor resource assignment;
	15	(b) responsive to invoking said first query search strategy for execution,
Œ	16	compares said first processor resource assignment with a second processor resource
	17	assignment associated with a logical partition of execution at the time said first search
	18	strategy is invoked for execution; and
	19	(c) depending on the results of said comparison performed in (b),
[sta	20	automatically constructs a second search strategy dependent on said second processor
	21	resource assignment.
	1	13. The computer system of claim 12, wherein said respective processor resource
	2	assignment of each partition comprises a respective number of virtual processors of each

partition, said respective number being an integer.

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- 14. The computer system of claim 13, wherein said logical partitioning mechanism supports the definition of at least one set of processors which is shared by a set of said logical partitions, said set of said logical partitions containing at least two partitions, said respective processor resource assignment of each partition of said set of partitions including said set of processors.
  - 15. The computer system of claim 12, wherein said database management system saves said first search strategy in a persistent object for later execution, said persistent object including said first processor resource assignment.
  - 16. The computer system of claim 12, wherein said database management system further determines whether a user has specified that (c) be disabled, and disables (c) responsive to determining that a user has so specified.